# 10th Annual ACC User Group Meeting

Colorado Springs, CO Oct 8-11,

A Vacuum Leak Odyssey

Presented by Don Wright



### **Combined Cycle Plant Configuration**

- 2 GE 7HA.02 Gas Turbines & GE D602
   Steam Turbine
- 1100 MW Total (~490 Mw STG)
- Air Cooled Condenser
- Commercial Operation Summer of 2017





### **Air Cooled Condenser Design**

- TED Steam Flow ~2,500,00 lb/h
- Inlet Dry Bulb/Outlet 95°F/120°F
- Fin/Tube Technology
- 11 Streets / 55 Cell
- 4 Hoggers Liquid Ring Vacuum Pumps @ 6,300 scfm ea.
- 2 Steam Jet Air Ejectors (SJAE) @ 33 scfm ea.
- 1 Air Eductor (added to protect vacuum pumps)



### **Problem - Summer of 2017**

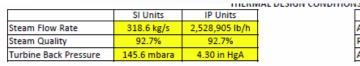
Vacuum above design curve 1-1.5 inHg

Dissolved Oxygen 60 – 100+ ppb

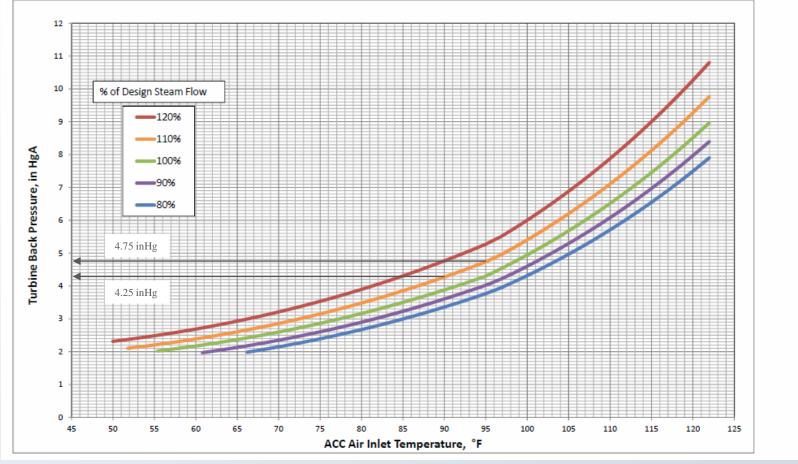
Hoggers intended for startup were running constantly to maintain vacuum

50+ fans running 24/7

Thermography reveal large cold areas in many streets

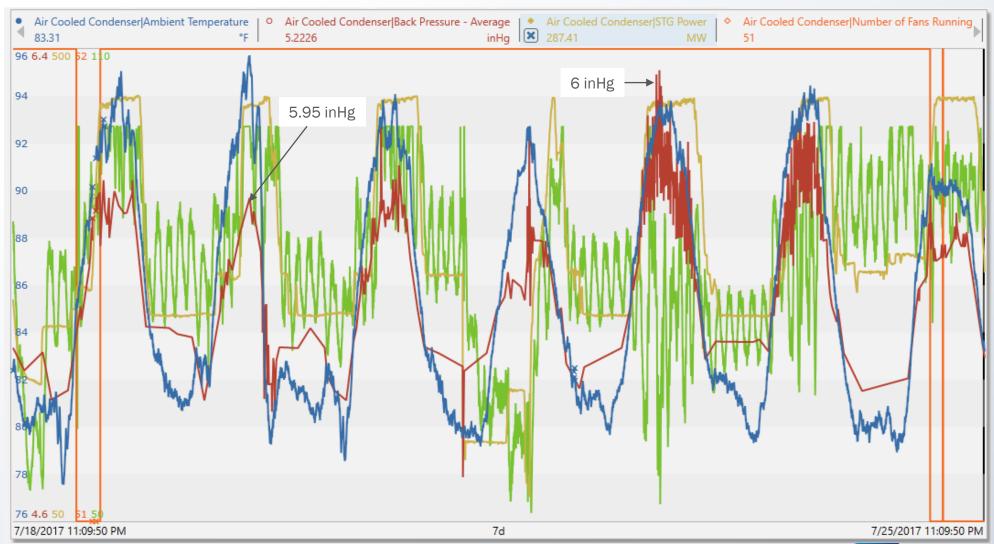


	SI Units	IP Units
ACC Inlet Dry Bulb Temperature	35.0 °C	95 °F
Relative Humidity	44%	44%
Atmospheric Pressure	1009 mbara	29.8 inHgA

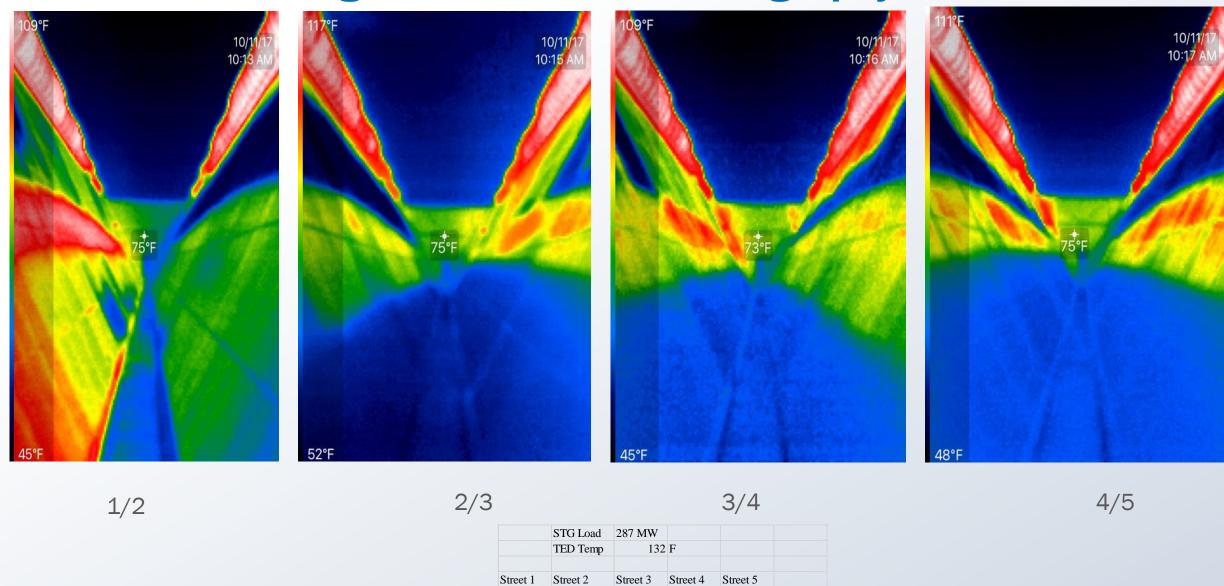




### **Summer 2017 Data**



### **August 2017 ACC Thermography Data**



COLD

Street 7
COLD

COLD

Street 8

COLD

COLD

Street 9

COLD

COLD

Street 10 Street 11

COLD COLD



### **Initial Actions June of 2017**

- 1. Walkdown system listening/looking for signs of leaks
- 2. Verify Valve configurations
- 3. Performed He leak Testing to locate leaks
  - Note: Hogger outlet used due to no visible SJAE discharge

#### Results:

- No valve alignments issues identified
- Minor He leaks at TED Rupture Disk and a drain pot; long delays
- Significant He leaks at hogger shaft seals

Follow-up: replace pump seals, review operating data and inspect air ejectors nozzles



### Follow Up Actions July/August of 2017

- 1. SJAE nozzle removed and inspected no issue
- 2. SJAE (Temp. & Pressure) adjustments made to bring within specification, operational testing passed, still no visible discharge
  - Sister plant with no vacuum issue also had intermittent SJAE discharge with hoggers on
- 3. Loop seal off SJAE verified to be filled
- 4. Vacuum pump seals replaced
- 5. Vacuum breakers water seals filled
- 6. Temporary repair on leaking TED rupture disc
- 7. Logic review with sister plant and more system walkdowns
- 8. Vacuum decay Test < 30 min. hold

Results: No change in Vacuum performance

Follow Up – SJAE OEM scheduled to inspect Nov. outage

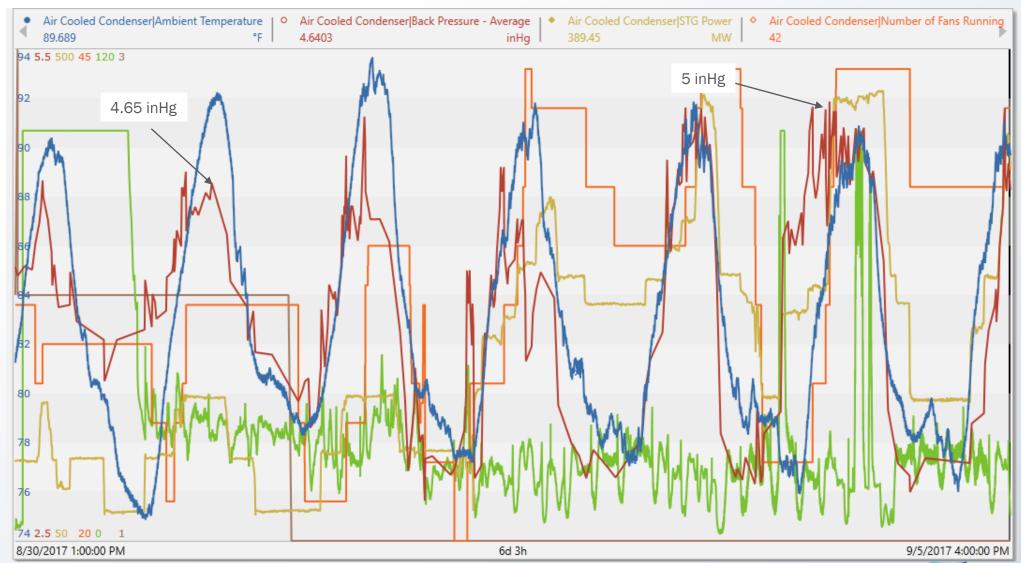


### Extreme Weather Event - Hurricane Harvey 8/28/17 - 8/30/17

- Plant shutdown for several days due to flooding and drying out equipment
- After restart vacuum & DO improved significantly
- Initial thought was some further walkdown and tightening of valves just prior to event accounted for improvement
- Thermography showed good temperature ACC distribution
- Significant reduction in number of fans running
- Still running hogger to maintain vacuum
- SJAE still had no visible discharge

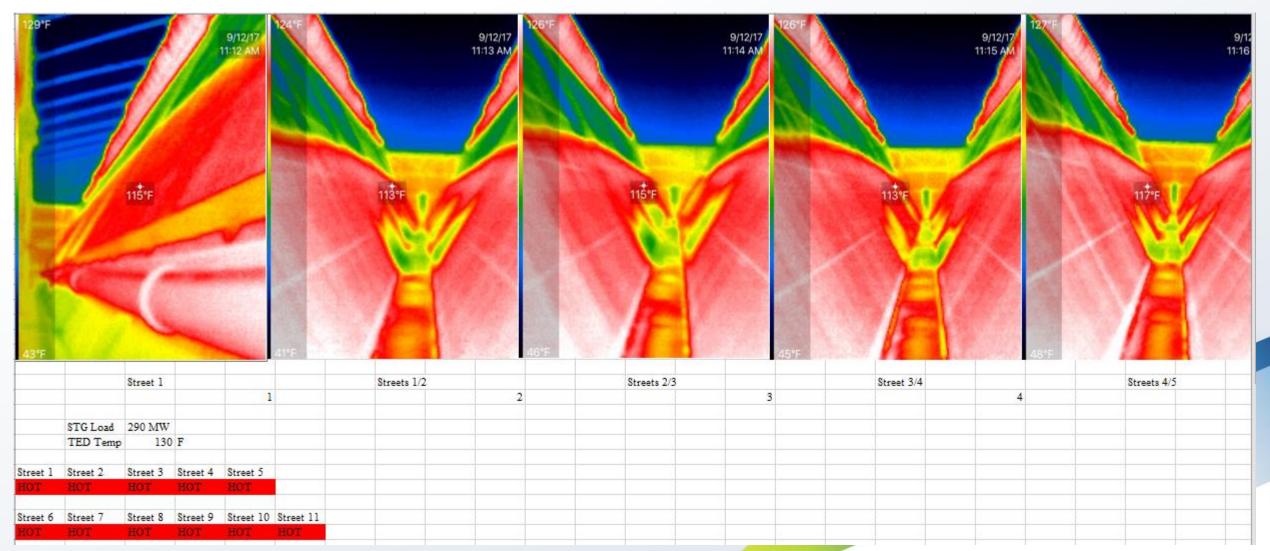


### **Post Hurricane Harvey**

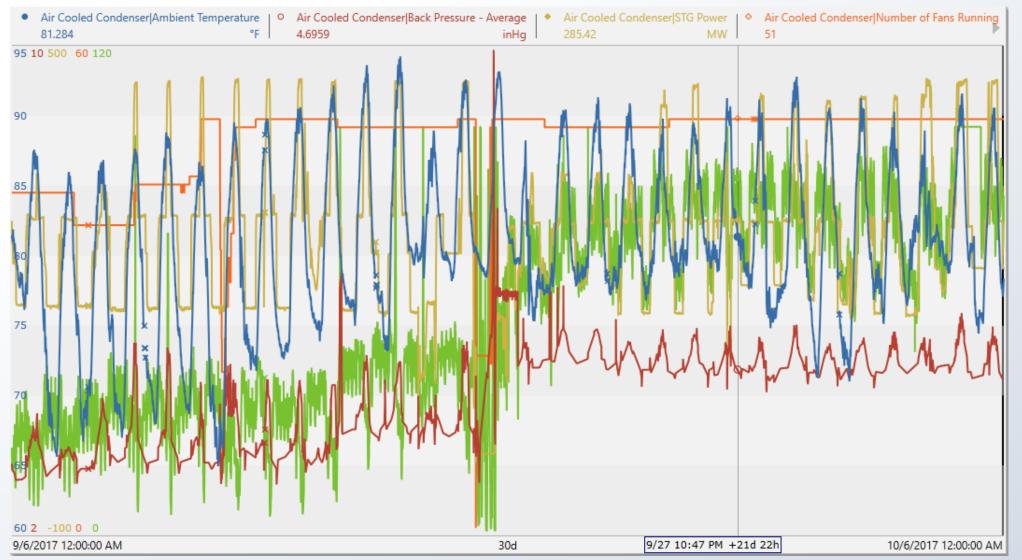




### **Post Hurricane Harvey Thermal Survey**



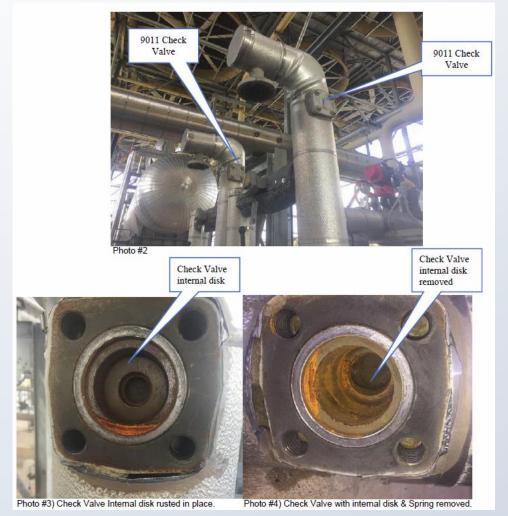
### **Vacuum & DO degraded to similar condition before Harvey**





### November 2017 Outage - SJAE OEM Identifies stuck check valves







## After Nov. 2018 Outage

- SJAE check valves removed
- SJAE now discharging
- Reduced DO ( 20-40 ppb)
- Vacuum improved slightly but still above design
- Hogger still needed to maintain vacuum
- Vacuum decay test resulted in immediate loss of vacuum

Follow up - Schedule He testing Prior to Spring 2019 Outage



### **April 2018 - Pre Spring Outage He Testing**

- SJAE discharge used for improved sensitivity
- Isolation of each SJAE for testing
- Prioritized list of components Identified
- Planning meetings with He leak testing company
- Mechanical contractor support to assist and address findings
- JLG available to access some elevated areas



- Out of service SJAE not isolated (drains not closed)
- Major Leaks
  - SJAE steam ejector flanged joints
  - TED Drain Tank- Drain Valve
  - Bonnet of 4 drain valves off condensate line to dearator
- Minor Leaks
  - Street 2 & 7 defleg section
  - LP turbine rupture disk
  - LP turbine gland seal
  - Exhaust Duct Flange



Out of Service SJAE





Leak 4.) Drain below exhaust duct drain tank header. Drain valve appears to have trouble sealing.

Leak response was large 60,000 Divisions until tightened.





Leak 6.) South jet flange on air ejector. Gasket failing. Leak is large 24,000 Divisions





Leak 7.) South jet flange on air ejector. Secondary jet. Gasket failing. Leak is large 60,000 Divisions





Leak 7.) North jet flange on air ejector. Flange appears misaligned. Gasket failing. Leak is large >100,000 Divisions





Leaks 8, 9, 10 and 11.) 4 Drain lines from ACC condensate lines to deaerator. Leaks are at bonnets on valves. Valves appear to have been installed for post construction clearing of ACC and collector lines. Leaks were not on flanges but on bonnets.

Leak responses were large, 24,000 -90,000 Divistions





Leak 12.) Street 2, fan room B, south Defleg section, south end. Leak could not be pinpointed due to limited access and may be along base of exhaust duct to bundle weld. It is also possible that a crack on a defleg pipe weld may exist. In either case, moisture/rust marks may be present or striations where air has leaked into the duct weld may be visible. Leak response was small but gas access was limited, 6,000 Divisions





### After 2018 Spring Outage

- All Major leaks repaired during the outage
- Minor leaks still remain (ACC tube/header ??)
- No Hoggers needed to maintain vacuum
- Single SJAE maintaining vacuum near design
- DO (15-30 ppb) reduced but still slightly elevated
- Fans cycling as expected between 50 100% during the summer



### **Plant Data Summer 2018**

