## ACC Corrosion/FAC Introduction to Session on Chemistry and Corrosion

Fourth Annual ACC Users Group Gillette, Wyoming 25<sup>th</sup> and 26<sup>th</sup> September 2012

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# **Corrosion/FAC in ACC and The Consequences**

- High concentrations of iron around the cycle
  - Boiler/HRSG deposits
  - **Boiler/HRSG Tube Failures (overheating and TF)**
  - **Steam Turbine Deposits** (Including aluminum)
- Need for Iron Removal Processes
  - Condensate Polishing and/or Filters
- Limitations around the cycle
  - Condensate polishing
- Overall an ACC "controls" the unit cycle chemistry
  - International Guidelines didn't consider ACC or two-phase flow up to 2010 (IAPWS Volatile Guidance)



There is an ACC Corrosion Index to Categorize Corrosion and Track Improvments

# DHACI

# (<u>D</u>ooley, <u>H</u>owell, <u>A</u>ir-cooled Condenser, <u>C</u>orrosion <u>I</u>ndex)

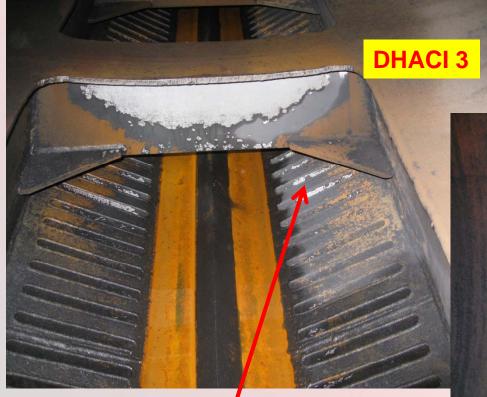


### We know what the Corrosion Looks Like



# **Inspections in China**

#### 650 MW Supercritical with Shuang Liang ACC. 15 Months.



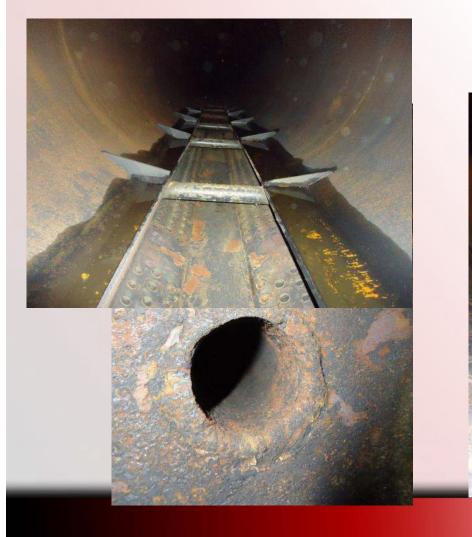
**Concentration of Two-phase FAC beneath Supports** 

#### ACC Duct Work not Passivated





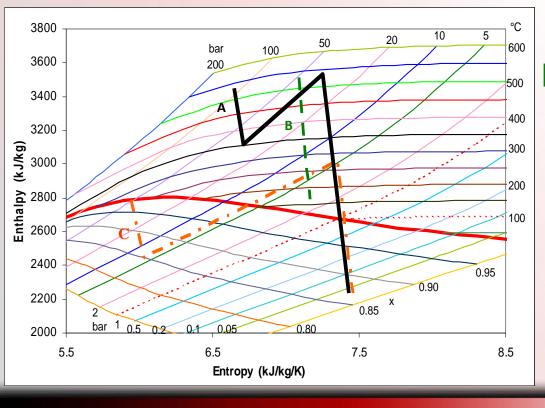
#### **Inspection in India show the same Features** 150 MW Fluidized Bed Unit with GEI ACC. 2000 hours.





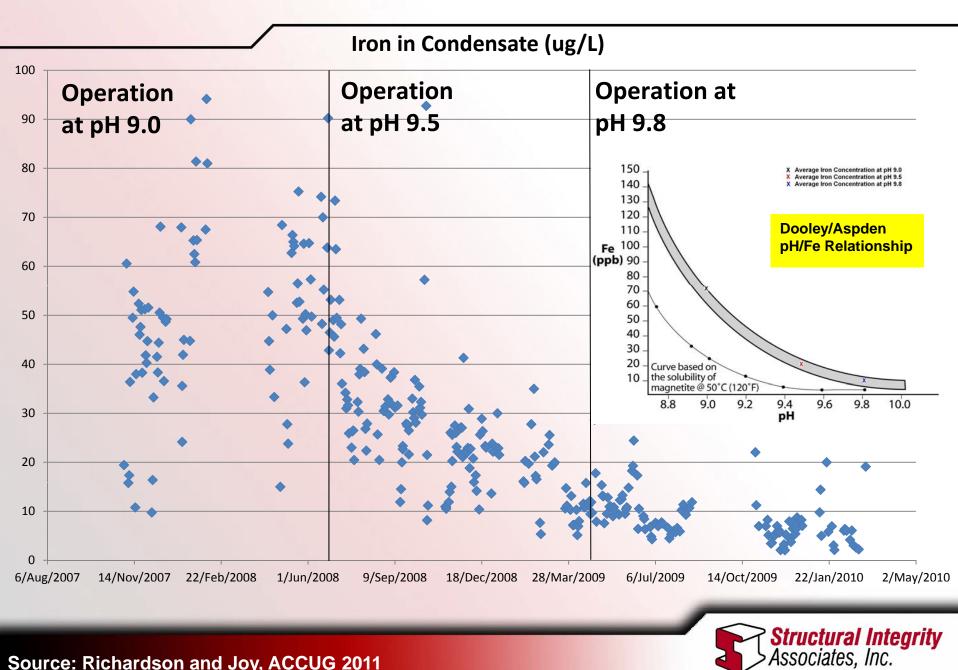
# The PTZ Environment in the LP Steam Turbine is Completely Understood

**Generation of the ACC Environment** 



Heterogeneous droplet Nucleation and Liquid Films on ST Blades (Droplets and Liquid Films in the ACC vary from 0.1 – 50 microns and don't contain any oxygen until during shutdown)





Source: Richardson and Joy, ACCUG 2011

# August 2011 Outage (2 Years with pH 9.8)









# **Summary from 2011 ACCUG**

- Some aspects relate to (LT Two-phase) FAC
  - Adjacent black and white areas in severe turbulent areas
  - Increasing pH reduces damage
- Some aspects don't (normal FAC scalloped appearance and white areas on cross members is probably LDI)
- Environment is known and has been measured (one plant)
  - Two-phase mixture formed in PTZ of ST
  - Concentrating liquids (Higher in chloride/sulphate, organics)
  - Lower in pH
- Clearly more tubes need to be analyzed
- Clearly we need to provide solutions which address the mechanism



# **Typical Microscopic Appearance of FAC and ACC Corrosion**



200 µm ——

Do we Fully Understand the Environment and the Corrosion Mechanism?

# Solutions are already being applied

Increase bulk pH up to 9.8 Increase local pH (amines) Filters and condensate polishers Coatings (epoxy), Sleeves, Inserts Materials Designs



## **Cycle Chemistry Guidance for Plants with ACC**

The International Association for the Properties of Water and Steam Niagara Falls, Canada July 2010 Technical Guidance Document:

Volatile treatments for the steam-water circuits of fossil and combined cycle/HRSG power plants





